



Jharkhand

Jharkhand is a state located in eastern India. It is known for its waterfalls, the elegant Jain temples of Parasnath hill. The word Jharkhand means "The Land of Forest." The state was established on 15 November 2000. The neighbours of the state are Uttar Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Odisha and West Bengal. Its area is about 79,710 km². The capital of the state is Ranchi. The religious sites include Baidyanath Dham, Parasnath and Rajrappa. The state bird is Asian Koel, the state animal is Indian elephant and the state tree is Sal.

Food:

The staple food of Jharkhand are rice, dal, vegetable and tubers.

Other dishes are Chirka, roti, Malpua, Pithha, Dhuska, Arsa roti, Dadhauri, Litti chokha and Panipuri (Gupchups).

Folk Dances:

There are many folk dances which are very colourfull and beautiful. Folk Dances include Tumair, Mandana, Dhunair, Tanari Dhunair, Damkach, Lahasua, Vinsariya, Thumta, Fagua, Paika, Chhau, Mardari and Garkali dance.

Festivals:

The famous festivals are Karna, Surma, Karma, Bandna, Bhagti Parab, Sohrai

Tourist spots:

The famous tourist spots are

Baba Baidyanath Temple, Jagannath temple, Pacheri Mandir, Basukinath Temple, Deori Mandir, Trikuta parvata, Bhuvaneswari Temple, Naulaccha Mandir, Mangolra Sunset Point, Ghikhar, Terracotta Temples of Maluti.

Musical Instruments: forms:

Dholi Dhamkach, Janani Thumra, Thumta, khunta, Pratkeri, Daidhra, Mardana, Janani, Dohri Dhamkach.

Q How To say in Tharkhan Lang.

Hello - Jo har

How are you? - Chet Leka Meram

I am Fine - Bas gean

Languages spoken in Tharkhan

The main language spoken is Hindi and it is spoken by 60% of the people. There are also other languages spoken in Jharkhand which include Urdu, Oriya, Bengali, Nagpuri, Khotthay, Bhojpuri, Angika and Santhali.

Fruits:

Jharkhand has a variety of fruits which are very tasty and delicious. The fruits are kenda, ber, jamun, jhingla, jalebi.

At first, I would like to say thanks to Jharkhand Government. They gave me a best opportunity to participate in National level Kala Utsav. I am proud of myself that I am representing for the Jharkhand.

When I came to the Bhopal with my team, I saw that now this place will be my first memorial place, where I didn't seen. There is so many beautiful place in this R.I.E Bhopal.

And Here is one of the best place that so many students have came from the different different states of our India. we can learn about the cultural and traditional of other states.

Here the all participants has came for the perform their activity.

But I dont know that either I can get any position or not. But I gave my best effort.

If I will get position, that will be the good news for the Gharkhand. If not that is no problem. Next time again I will come in this stage.

But Now, I am waiting for the result for painting. Those who will get the first position, they will be the topper in painting.

Now I am feeling like.

——————
——————
——————
——————
——————
——————

You also can feel in this moment.

Paiying state of Sharikhanda.



Goa was founded by the Vasco da Gama in 1492, at that time it was under the Portuguese rule and in 19 Dec 1961 it was freed from their rule. They ruled for over four hundred years.

Visiting place of Goa: Baga, Kalangut beach

Language of Goa: Konkani, Marathi,

English.

Main festival of Goa: Sanjau,

Vivah Karnaval, Christmas.

Tourist place: Bas leka of bom Jezy.

Religion in Goa: Christian, Hindu, Muslim.
Economy : Tourism, mining (Iron).

Farming : Rice.

Heritage: Portuguese cultural.

National Game: football.

Instrument: Guitar, Violin, Trumpet.

Special Song: Mando.

Folk dance: fugdi.

Food: Rice, fish curry.

Some sentences in Konkani.

Eng: Hii.

Konkani: Hii.

Eng: How are you?

Konkani: Tu Kalshe asa?

Eng: I am fine.

Konkani: Thaav baro asa.