Jharkhand

Jharkhand is a state located in eastern India. It is known for its waterfalls, the elegant Jain temples of Parasnath hill. The word Jharkhand means "The Land of Forest." The state was established on 15 November 2000. The neighbours of the state are Uttar Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Odisha, and West Bengal. Its area is about 79,710 km². The capital of the state is Ranchi. The religious sites include Baidyanath Dham, Parasnath and Rajmappa. The state bird is Asian Koel, the state animal is Indian elephant, and the state tree is Sal.

Food:

The staple food of Jharkhand are rice, dal, vegetable and tubers.
Other dishes are Chirka, roti, Malpua, Pittha, Dhuska, Arsa roti, Pindhauri, Litti chokha and Panipuri (Gupchup).

**Folk Dances:**

There are many folk dances which are very colourful and beautiful. Folk dances include Sumair, Mar- dana, Thumair, Tanani Thumair, Domkoch, Latasua, Vinbaniya, Thumta, Fagua, Raika, Chhau, Mundari and Sarkali dance.

**Festivals:**

The famous festivals are Karma, Gharma, Karma, Bandra, Bhrat, Parab, Sohrai.

**Tourist spots:**

The famous tourist spots are
Baba Baidyanath Temple, Jagannath Temple, Paderi Mandir, Babukinath Temple, Deori Mandir, Trikuta parvata, Bhumaneswar Mandir, Nandlaksha Mandir, Mangojta Sunset Point, Bhikharin Terracotta Temples of Maluti

Musical Instruments: forms:

Dhari Dakh, Janani Thumro, Thumta, Thumta, Pratkali, Raichi, Mardana, Janani, Dohari, Domkach.

How to say in Tharkhand: Marga

Hello—Tohar
How are you? — Cheb Leka Meram
I am fine — Bas I can
Languages spoken in Tharkhand
The main language spoken is Hindi and it is spoken by 60% of the people. There are also other languages spoken in Jharkhand which include Urdu, Oriya, Bengali, Nagpuri, Khordha, Bhojpuri, Angika, and Sambri.

Fruits:

Jharkhand has a variety of fruits which are very tasty and delicious. The fruits are Kendu, Bergamun, Jungle Ja lebi.
At first, I would like to say thanks to Jharkhand Government. They gave me a best opportunity to participate in National level Kala Utsav. I am proud of myself that I am representing for the Jharkhand.

When I came to the Bhopal with my team, I saw that wow this place will be my first memorial place, where I didn’t seen. There is so many beautiful place in this R.I.E Bhopal.

And here is one of the best place that so many students have came from the different different states of our India. We can learn about the cultural and traditional of other states.
Yes, the all participants has came for the perform their activity.

But I don’t know that either I can get any position or not. But I gave my best effort.

If I will get position, that will be the good news for the Jharkhand. If not that is no problem. Next time again I will come in this stage.

But now, I am waiting for the result for painting. Those who will get the first position, he will be the topper in painting.

Now I am feeling like: ----hmmmm----

You also can feel in this moment.
Paining state of Dharshkhand and.

Goa was founded by the Vasco da Gama in 1492. At that time, it was under the Portuguese rule and in 19 Dec 1961, it was freed from their rule. They ruled for over four hundred years.

Visiting place of Goa: Baga, Calangut beach

Language of Goa: Konkani, Marathi, English

Main festival of Goa: Sankal, Vivah Karnaval, Christmas

Tourist place: Bas leka of bom Jezy.
Religion in Goa: Christian, Hindi, Muslim.
Economy: Tourism, Mining (Iron)

farming: Rice
heritage: Portuguese cultural
National Game: football
Instrument: Guitar, Violin, Trumpet
Special Song: Mando
folk dance: Fugdi

food: Rice, fish curry.

Some sentences in Konkani.

Eng: Hi!
Konkani: Hii.

Eng: How are you?
Konkani: Tu Kashe asa?

Eng: I am fine.
Konkani: Thaav bazo asa.