Name of Institute: Raghavendra Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (RIPER)
Address: Krishnam Reddy palli cross, Chiyyedu(Post), Anantapur (District)
Andhra Pradesh.

List of activities

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Report

Event: 1(January-11-2020)

Auditorium & Garden of Raghavendra Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (RIPER) had become an eye witness to national integrity through a grand way of Ek Bharath Shreshta Bharath (EBSB)Utsav on 11-01-2020. Irrespective of the age & religion, students of all pharmacy courses, teaching & non-teaching faculty involved joyfully to make the EBSB Utsav most lively and lovely.

In EBSB utsav RIPER celebrated various festivals to represent the traditions & cultures of different states & religions. Dance & songs of various Indian languages were performed by the students.
The EBSB Utasav was eventuated by Principal Dr. Y. Padmanabha Reddy, Vice-Principal Dr. J. Ravindra Reddy & faculty with a lighting of lamp.
Figure 1

Figure 1 Represents Ugadi festival. It is a Telugu new year’s day for Hindus of Andhra Pradesh & Telangana. It falls in Chaitramasa. Door’s of every house will be decorated with Mango & neem leaves as one of the tradition.

Figure 2

Teeyan is the Panjabi name of the festival of teej which is celebrated in panjab dedicated to the onset of monsoon and focuses on daughters and sisters.

Figure 3

Bathukamma is the floral festival celebrated by the Telangana state during 1st 9 days of bhadrapada month till Durgastami.
Figure 4
Ramanavami is the famous festival of Karnataka state. The festival celebrates the descent of God Vishnu as ramavathar through his birth to king dhasharatha and queen koushalya in ayodhya.

Figure 5
Pongal is the multiday Hindu harvest festival of south india particularly in Tamilnadu state. It is observed at the start of the month Tai according to thamil solar calendar, falls typically about january 14th.

Figure 6
Onam is an annual harvest festival in the state of Kerala in india. It falls on the 22nd nakshathra Thiruvonam in Malayalam calender.
Figure 7
Krishnashtami is an annual Hindu festival that celebrates the birth of Krishna, it falls in 8th day of sravana or bhadrapada. It is the grand festival of Most of the north states like Madhyapradesh, bhihar, Orissa, Manipur, Rajasthan, Gujarath, Maharstra etc

Figure 8
Christmas is an annual festival commemorating the birth of Jesus Christ observed primarily on December 25th as a religious and cultural celebration among billions of people around the world.

Figure 9
Maha Shivarathri is a Hindu festival celebrated annually in honour of lord Shiva it is also refers to the night when shiva performs the heavenly dance celebrated in the month of magha month by Hindus in Nepal, Bangladesh, and Guyana also.
Figure 10
Figure 10 represents the new way to celebrate Diwali festival. Diwali is the Hindu festival of lights it fall in the month of karthika one of the most popular festivals celebrated in india by all states through burning crackers as the symbol of victory on Narakasura by sathyabhama. Now a day’s cracking fireworks worsens the environment through smoke and noise pollution all creatures suffure allot during these celebrations. Hazardous posisonous gases accumulation in air takes place and cause respiratory disorders to the man kind and also to birds and animals. So CSIR-NEERI has taken an initiation to produce eco friendly fire works to control pollution. Students of RIPER and Faculty has innovated some Green crackers that can minimise the smoke release and edible crackers are also prepared by them to show the new way of joy in celebrating Diwalli. It has promoted awareness about necessity on green crackers